

## Devanāgarī: Numbers and Miscellany

### Numbers

0.	०
1.	१
2.	२
3.	३
4.	४
5.	५
6.	६
7.	७
8.	८
9.	९
10.	१०

### Stop: *virāmaḥ* विरामः

Consonants automatically assume a short “a” (अ) following (= schwa) for purposes of pronunciation. In order to drop the “a”, a *virāmaḥ* is required. This is represented by adding a 45% (left to right) line at the bottom of the consonant. Thus, *sac* is written as सच्; *ak* as अक्;

‘l’ as ल्; ‘t’ as त्; ‘r’ as र्; and ‘s’ as स्

### *Avagrahaḥ* अवग्रहः

The *avagraha*- or 'separation' is an elision of the 'a' (अ) at the beginning of a word. The character is 's'. This is illustrated as follows: ते अपि becomes ते ऽपि.

## Abbreviation

The abbreviation is marked by a small circle in superscript.

Thus गतम् गातेन may be abbreviated to गतम<sup>०</sup> तेन